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PENSIONS ACT, 1871

23 of 1871

[8th August, 1871]

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STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS "The lawelating to pensions is at present distributed over nine Regulations of the

Bengal, three Regulations of the Madras, and two Regulations of the Bombay Codes as well as three Acts of the Governor-General in Council. The main provision of the law as expressed in Bengal Regulations, 1793, 17, 34, 1795, 14, 24, 1803, 16 and 6, 1817, and Madras Regulation, 1831, 2, is the reservation to Government of the right to determine on all claims to the continuance of pensions, and the exclusion of the jurisdiction of the ordinary Courts of judicature in regard to such claims. In the Bombay Presidency, under the operation of Regulations 29, 1827. and VII, 1830, the Civil Courts are barred from the cognizance of suits to enforce such claims throughout the Dekhan Khandesh and the South Mahratta Country. The Bengal Regulations, though expressly applicable only to Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, are practically in force throughout the more recently Provinces; hence the law as above described applies to all India, except a portion Of the Bombay Presidency. Within this expected country the Civil Courts have in more than one instance assumed jurisdiction in such cases. The principle on which that jurisdiction is elsewhere disallowed is founded on perfectly considerations, and is therefore fit for uniform application. It is in effect the assertion of the right of the State to reserve to itself the power of granting or withholding at pleasure concessions which are made gratuitously and without consideration. The object of the proposed legislation, therefore, is (first) to consolidate the existing law, excluding all those provisions which are either obsolete or illadapted for enactment in detail; and (second) to extend the law so re-enacted to the whole of British India."-Gaz. of Ind., 1871, Pt. V, page 141. Amending Act 20 of 1982.- The Pensions Act, 1871 applies both to Union pensions and State pensions. In so far as State pensions are concerned. State Legislatures alone have competence to make amendment to the Act. 2. The Act does not territories which immediately before the the November, 1956 comprised in Part B States. were pensioners in these territories cannot avail of the protection provided in section 11 of the Act against seizure, attachment or sequestration by process of any Court at the instance of a creditor. It is, therefore, proposed to amend section 1 of the Act so that the provisions of the Act, in so far as they relate to Union pensions, extend to the whole of India, 3. In view of section 12 of the Act, .at present it is not possible for apensioner to nominate someone, who may receive payment of arrears of pension remaining undrawn at the time of the death of the pensioner. It has been represented

that in the absence of a provision enabling the making of such nominations, the heirs of deceased pensioners are put to undue hardship as they have to obtain succession certificates for the purpose of claiming such arrears. It is, therefore, proposed to insert a new section to enable pensioners to make such nominations and it is also proposed to confer powers on the Central Government to make rules regarding the manner and the form in which such nominations may be made. These provisions will apply only in relation to Union pensions. 4. The Bill seeks to achieve the above objects.--S.O.R.-Gaz. of Ind., 18-8-1981, Pt. II, S. 2, Ext., p. 445.

CHAPTER 1 PRELIMINARY

1. Short title :-

- 1. Substituted for the words "It extends," by the Pensions (Amendment) Act, 1982 (20 of 1982), S.2 (18-5-1982).
- 2. Substituted for the words "all the Provinces of India" by A.L.O., 1950 (26-1-1950).
- 3. Substituted for the words "Part B States" by A.L.O., 1956(1-11-1956).
- 4. The words "and it shall come into force on the date of the passing thereof" were omitted by the Repealing and Amending Act, 1914 (10 of 1914), S. 3 and Sch. II.
- 5. The words "but not so as to affect any suit in respect of a pension or grant of money or land-revenue which may have been instituted before such date" were omitted by the Amending Act, 1891 (12of 1891), S. 2 and Sch. I.

2. Enactments repealed Saving of Rules :-

Repealed by the Repealing Act, 1938 (1 of 1938), S. 2 and Schedule].

3. Interpretation-section :-

In this Act, the expression "grant of money or land-revenue" includes anything payable on the part of Government in respect of any right, privilege, perquisite or office.

3A. Definition :-

The expression "the appropriate Government" means, in relation to

- ¹[Union] pensions, the Central Government, and in relation to other pensions, the ² [State Government].]
- 1. Substituted for the word "federal" by A.L.O., 1950 (26-1 -1950).
- 2. Substituted for the words 'Provincial Government' by A.L.O., 1950.

<u>CHAPTER 2</u> RIGHTS TO PENSIONS

4. Bar of suits relating to pensions :-

Except as hereinafter provided, no Civil Court shall entertain any suit relating to any pension or grant of money or land-revenue conferred or made by the ¹ [Government or by] any former Government, whatever may have been the consideration for any such pension or grant, and whatever may have been the nature of the payment, claim or right for which such pension or grant may have been substituted.

1. Substituted for the words "Local Government" by A.O., 1937 (1-4-1937).

5. Claims to be made to Collector or other authorised officer :-

Any person haying a claim relating to any such pension or grant may prefer such claim to the Collector of the District or Deputy Commissioner or other officer authorised in this behalf by the $^{\mathbf{1}}$ [appropriate Government], and such Collector, Deputy Commissioner or other officer shall dispose of such claim in accordance with such rules as the Chief Revenue Authority may. subject to the general control of the $^{\mathbf{1}}$ [appropriate Government], from time to time prescribe in this behalf.

1. Substituted for the words "Local Government" by A.O., 1937 (1-4-1937).

6. Civil Court empowered to take cognizance of such claims :-

A Civil Court, otherwise competent to try the same, shall take cognizance of any such claim upon receiving a certificate from such Collector, Deputy Commissioner or other officer authorised in that behalf that the case may be so tried, but shall not make any order or decree in any suit whatever by which the liability of Government to pay any such pension or grant as aforesaid is affected directly or indirectly.

7. Pensions for lands held under grants in perpetuity :-

Nothing in section 4 and Section 6 applies to

- (1) any inam of the class referred to in s.1 of Madras Act, 1862.
- (2) pensions heretobefore granted by Government in the territories respectively subject to the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, either wholly or in part as an indemnity for loss sustained by the resumption by a Native Government of lands held under sanads purporting to confer a right in perpetuity. Such pensions shall not be liable to resumption on the death of the recipient, but every such pension shall be capable of alienation and descent, and may be sued for and recovered in the same manner as any other property.

CHAPTER 3
MODE OF PAYMENT

8. Payment to be made by Collector or other authorised officer:-

All pensions or grants by Government of money or land-revenue shall be paid by the Collector or the Deputy Commissioner or other authorised officer, subject to such rules as may, from time to time, be prescribed by the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.

9. Saving of rights of grantees of land-revenue :-

Nothing' in section 4 and Section 8 shall affect the right of a grantee of land-revenue, whose claim to such grant is admitted by Government, .to recover such revenue from the persons liable to pay the same under any law for the time being in force for the recovery of the rent of land.

10. Commutation of pensions :-

The 1 [appropriate Government] may, with the consent of the holder, order the whole or any part of his pension or grant of money or land-revenue to be commuted for a lump sum on such terms as may seem fit.

1. Substituted for the words "Local Government" by A.O., 1937 (1-4-1937).

CHAPTER 4
MISCELLANEOUS

11. Exemption of pension from attachment :-

No pension granted or continued by Government on political considerations, or on account of past services or present infirmities

or as a compassionate allowance, and no money due or to become due on account of any such pension or allowance. shall be liable to seizure, attachment or sequestration by process of any Court 1 [* * *] at the instance of a creditor, for, any demand against the pensioner, or in satisfaction of a decree or order of any such Court. 2 [This section applies 3 [* * *] also to pensions granted or continued, after" the separation of Burma from India, by the Government of Burma.]

- 1. Inserted by A.O., 1937(1-4-1937).
- 2. Substituted for the word 'Provinces' by A.O., 1950.
- 3. Substituted for the word "Local Government", by A.O., 1950.

12. Assignments etc., in anticipation of pension, to be void :-

All assignments, agreements, orders, sales and securities of every kind made by the person entitled to any pension, pay or allowance mentioned in section 11, in respect of any money not payable at or before the making thereof, on account of any such pension, pay or allowance, or for giving or assigning any future interest therein, are null and void.

12A. Nomination by pensioner to receive moneys outstanding on account of pension :-

Notwithstanding anything contained in section 12 or in any other law for the time being in force,-

- (a) any person to whom any pension mentioned in section 11 is payable by the Government of India or out of the Consolidated Fund of India (such person being hereinafter referred to as the pensioner) may nominate any other person (hereinafter referred to a s the nominee), in such manner and in such form as may be prescribed by the Central Government by rules, to receive after the death of the pensioner, all moneys payable to the pensioner on account of such pension at, before or after the date of such nomination and which remain unpaid immediately before the death of the pensioner; and
- (b) the nominee shall be entitled, on the death of the pensioner, to receive, to the exclusion of all other persons, all such moneys which have so remained unpaid: Provided that if the nominee predeceases the pensioner, the nomination shall, so far as it relates to the right conferred upon the said nominee, become void and of no effect: Provided further that where provision has been duly

made in the nomination, in accordance with the rules made by the Central Government, conferring upon some other person the right to receive all such moneys, which have so remained unpaid, in the event of the nominee predeceasing the pensioner, such right shall, upon the decease as aforesaid of the nominee, pass to such other person.]

13. Reward to informers :-

Whoever proves to the satisfaction of the ¹ [appropriate Government] that any pension is fraudulently or unduly received by the person enjoying the benefit thereof shall be entitled to a reward equivalent to the amount of such pension for the period of six months.

1. Inserted by A.O., 1937(1-4-1937).

14. Power to make rules :-

 1 [In each 2 [State]] the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority may, with the consent of the 3 [appropriate Government], from time to time make rules consistent with this Act respecting all or any of the following matters:-

- (1) the place and times at which, and the person to whom, any pension, shall be paid;
- (2) inquiries into the identity of claimants;
- (3) records to be kept on the subject of pensions;
- (4) transmission of such records;
- (5) correction of such records;
- (6) delivery of certificates to pensioners;
- (7) registers of such certificates;
- (8) reference to the Civil Court, under section 6 , of persons claiming a right of succession to, or participation in, pensions or grants of money or land-revenue payable by Government; and generally for the guidance of officers under this Act. All such rules shall be published in the ⁴ [Official Gazette], and shall thereupon have the force of law.
- 1. Inserted by A.O., 1937(1-4-1937).
- 2. Substituted for the word 'Provinces' by A.O., 1950.
- 3. Substituted for the word "Local Government", by A.O., 1950.
- 4. Substituted for the words local Official Gazette' by A.O., 1937.

15. Power of Central Government to make rules :-

The Central Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules to provide for all or any of the following matters, namely:-

- (a) the manner and form in which any nomination may be made under section 12A and the manner and form in which such nomination may be cancelled or varied by another nomination;
- (b) the manner in which provision may be made, for the purposes of the second proviso to section 12A, in any such nomination for conferring on some person other than the nominee the right to receive moneys payable to the nominee if such nominee predeceases the pensioner.

16. Laying of rules :-

Every rule made by the Central Government under this Act and every rule made under section 14 by a Chief Controlling Revenue Authority with the consent of the Central Government, shall be laid. as soon as may be after it is made. before each House of Parliament, while it is in session, for a total period of thirty days which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if. before the expiry of the session immediately following the session or the successive sessions aforesaid, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rule or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made. the rule shall thereafter have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be: so, however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done under that rule.] Schedule.- Enactments repealed.- I Repealed by the Repeating Act, 1938 (1 of 1938), S. 2 and Schedule.]